

Installer: Leave this manual with the appliance. Consumer: Retain this manual for future reference.

# INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS AND OWNER'S MANUAL

## MR. HEATER

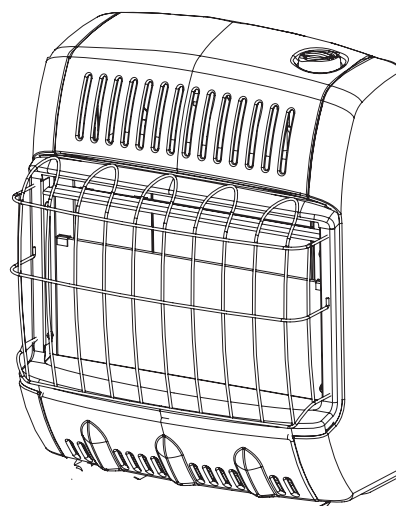
MODEL

MHVFB10LP

**READ INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY:** Read and follow all instructions. Place instructions in a safe place for future reference. Do not allow anyone who has not read these instructions to assemble, light, adjust or operate the heater.

Starting Serial #EC-55109-12001001

## UNVENTED LP-GAS FIRED BUDDY WALL-MOUNT HEATER



**⚠ WARNING:** If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury, or loss of life.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- An LP cylinder not connected for use shall not be stored in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
  - Shut off gas supply
  - Do not try to light any appliance
  - Do not touch an electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
  - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
  - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency, or the gas supplier.

**⚠ WARNING:** This is an unvented gas-fired heater. It uses air (oxygen) from the room in which it is installed. Provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided. Refer to Fresh Air for Combustion and Ventilation section on page 3 of this manual.


**⚠ WARNING:** Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. Refer to this manual for correct installation and operational procedures. For assistance or additional information consult a qualified installer, service agency, or gas supplier.


This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket\* permanently manufactured (mobile) home, where not prohibited by local codes. This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with any other gas.


\*Aftermarket completion of sale, not for the purpose of resale, from the manufacturer.

## WARNINGS


**IMPORTANT:** Read this owner's manual carefully and completely before trying to assemble, operate, or service this heater. Improper use of this heater can cause serious injury or death from burns, fire, explosion, electrical shock, and carbon monoxide poisoning.

 **WARNING:** This appliance is equipped for (natural or propane) gas. Field conversion is not permitted.

 **WARNING:** Do not use any accessory not approved for use with this heater.

 **WARNING:** Any change to this heater or its controls can be dangerous.

- Do not place clothing or other flammable material on or near the appliance. Never place any objects on the heater.
- Due to high temperatures, heater should be kept out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.
- Surface of heater becomes very hot when running. Keep children and adults away from hot surfaces to avoid burns or clothing ignition. Heater will remain hot for a time after shut-down. Allow heater surfaces to cool before handling.
- Young children should be carefully supervised when they are in the same room with heater.
- Make sure grille guard is in place before running heater. If screen or grille guard is removed for servicing it must be replaced prior to operating the heater.
- Keep the appliance area clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline, and other flammable vapors and liquids.

 Every time the hose is connected to unit, connection must be checked for leaks in one or more ways: Apply soapy water to connection, look for bubbles, listen for hiss of escaping gas, feel for extreme cold, smell for rotten egg odor. Do not use if leaking!

## PRECAUTIONS:

### WARNING:

1. This heater needs outside ventilation air to run properly. The Oxygen Depletion Sensor (ODS) safety shutoff system shuts down the heater if not enough fresh air is available. See *Fresh Air for Combustion and Ventilation*, page 3.
2. Keep all air openings in heater clear, free of debris or any blockage. This will insure that enough air for proper combustion enters the heater.
3. If heater shuts off, do not relight until you provide fresh, outside air. If heater keeps shutting off, it requires servicing.
4. Turn off and unplug heater and let cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair heater.
5. Do not run heater:
  - Where flammable liquids or vapors are used or stored
  - During dusty conditions.
6. Before using furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaner or similar products, turn heater off. If heated the vapors from these products may create a white powder residue within burner box or on adjacent walls or furniture.
7. Do not use heater if any part has been underwater. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the room heater and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been underwater.
8. Operating heater above elevations of 4,500 feet could cause pilot/ODS to shutdown heater.
9. Always run heater with control knob in a locked position. Never set control knob between locked positions. Poor combustion and higher levels of carbon monoxide may result if control knob is left between locked positions.

## THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA REQUIRES THE FOLLOWING WARNINGS:

**WARNING:** Combustion by-products produced when using this product contain carbon monoxide, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm).

**WARNING:** This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**NOTICE:** Not for use in a dwelling home in California.

**DANGER:** Carbon monoxide poisoning may lead to death.

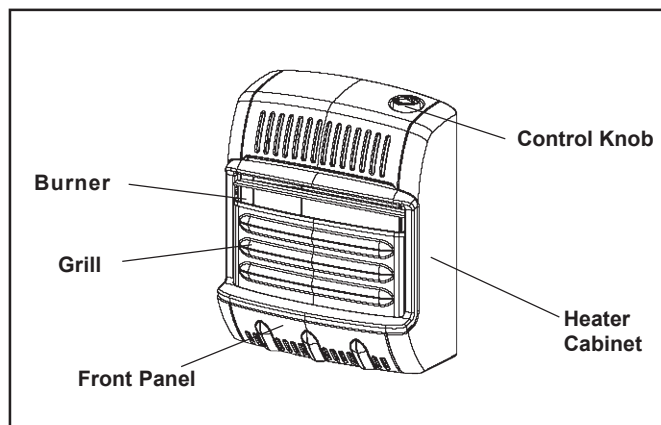
### Carbon Monoxide Poisoning:

Early signs of carbon monoxide poisoning resemble the flu, with headaches, dizziness, or nausea. If you have these signs, the heater may not be working properly. Get fresh air at once! Have heater serviced. Some people are more affected by carbon monoxide than others. These include pregnant women, persons with heart or lung disease or anemia, those under the influence of alcohol, and those at high altitudes.

### Propane/LP Gas:

Propane/LP gas is odorless. An odor making agent is added to propane/LP gas. The odor helps you detect a Propane/LP gas leak. However the odor added to propane/LP gas may be present even though no odor exists. Make certain you read and understand all warnings. Keep this manual for reference. It is your guide to safe and proper operation of this heater.

## Product Features



**Figure 1**

## SAFETY DEVICE

This heater has a pilot with an Oxygen Depletion Sensor (ODS) safety shut off system. The ODS/pilot shuts off the heater if there is not enough fresh air.

## IGNITION SYSTEM

**PIEZO: MHVFBI10LP**— The heater is equipped with a piezo manual ignitor. This system requires no matches, batteries, or other source to light heater.

## LOCAL CODES

Install and use heater with care.

Installation must conform to local codes or in the absences of local codes, use the latest edition of *National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54* or the *International Fuel Gas Code*.

## UNPACKING

1. Remove heater from carton.
2. Remove all protective packaging applied to heater for shipment.
3. Check heater for any shipping damage. If heater is damaged, promptly inform dealer where you bought heater.

**⚠ WARNING:** Even though this heater may be used in enclosures such as ice houses, lodges, cabins or enclosed porches, fresh air for combustion and ventilation requirements apply the same as below.

## FRESH AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

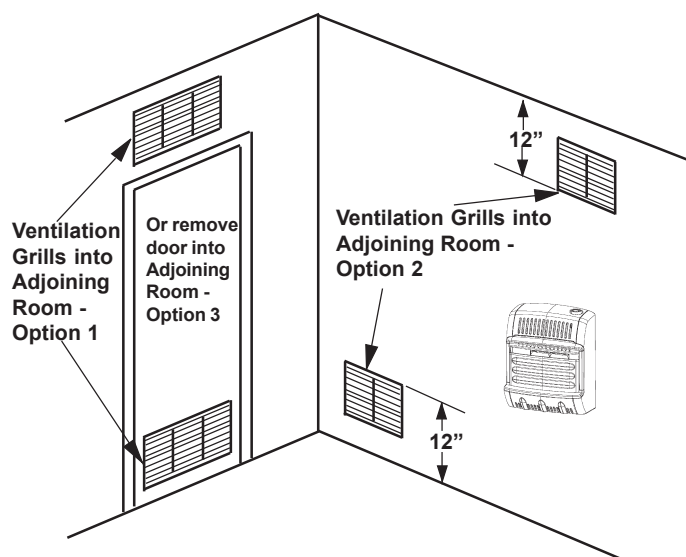
**⚠ WARNING:** If the area in which the heater may be operated does not meet the required volume for indoor combustion air, combustion and ventilation air shall be provided by one of the methods described in the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54*, the *International Fuel Gas Code*, or applicable Local Codes.

This heater shall not be installed in a room or space unless the required volume of indoor combustion air is provided by the method described in the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54*, the *International Fuel Gas Code*, or applicable local codes.

## VENTILATION AIR

### Ventilation from Inside Building

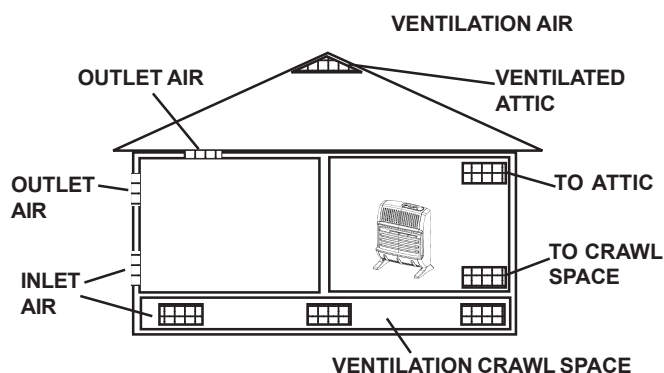
This fresh air would come from an adjoining unconfined space. When ventilation to an adjoining unconfined space, you must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor on the wall connecting the two spaces (see options 1 & 2 of fig. 2). You can also remove door into adjoining room (see option 3, fig 2). Follow the *National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1*, the *International Fuel Gas Code* or applicable local codes, Air for Combustion and Ventilation for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.



Code NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1, the *International Fuel Gas Code* or applicable local codes, Air for Combustion and Ventilation for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

**\*IMPORTANT:** Do not provide openings for inlet or outlet into attic. If attic has a thermostat-controlled power vent, heated air entering the attic will activate the power vent.

**IMPORTANT:** Vent-free heaters add moisture to the air. Although this is beneficial, installing heater in rooms without enough ventilation air may cause mildew to form from too much moisture. See Fresh Air for Combustion and Ventilation, pages 3 through 5.



**Figure 3.**

### Ventilation from Outdoors

If necessary provide extra fresh air by using ventilation grills or ducts. Connect these items directly to the outdoors or spaces open to the outdoors. These include attics\* and crawl spaces. Follow the *National Fuel Gas*

## INSTALLATION

**NOTICE:** This heater is intended for the use as supplemental heat. Use this heater along with your primary heating system. Do not install this heater as your primary heat source. If you have a central heating system, you may run system's circulating blower while using heater. This will help circulate the heat throughout the house. In the event of a power outage, you can use this heater as your primary heat source for the duration of the outage.

**⚠ WARNING:** A qualified service person must install heater. Follow all local codes.

### CHECK GAS TYPE

Use only *LP-gas*. If your gas supply is not *LP-gas*, do not install heater. Call dealer where you bought heater for proper type heater.

### FOR PERMANENT INSTALLATION:

Before installing heater, make sure you have the items listed below:

- Piping (check local codes)
- Sealant (resistant to LP\_Gas)
- Equipment shutoff valve\*
- Ground joint union
- Test gauge connection\*
- Sediment trap
- Tee joint
- Pipe wrench

\*A CSA/AGA certified equipment shutoff valve with 1/8" NPT tap is an acceptable alternative to test gauge connection. Purchase a CSA/AGA certified equipment shutoff valve from your dealer. See Accessories, page 17.

**This heater may also be installed with the hose and regulator assembly included with heater.**

### LOCATING HEATER

This heater is designed to be mounted on the wall.

For convenience and efficiency, install the heater:

- Where there is easy access for operation, inspection, and service.
- In the coldest part of the room.

**CAUTION:** If you install the heater in a home garage:

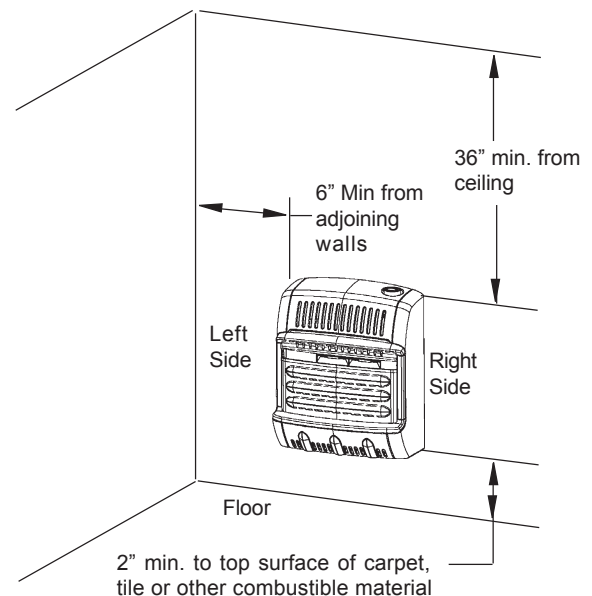
- Heater pilot and burner must be at least 18 inches above floor.
- Locate heater where moving vehicle will not hit it.

**CAUTION:** This heater creates warm air currents. These currents move heat to wall surfaces next to heater. Installing heater next to vinyl or cloth wall covering or operating heater where impurities (such as tobacco smoke, aromatic candles, cleaning fluids, oil or kerosene lamps, etc.) are present in the air may discolor walls.

**WARNING:** Never install the heater:

- In a bathroom.
- In a bedroom
- In a recreational vehicle.
- Where curtains, furniture, clothing, or other flammable objects are less than 36 inches from the front, top, or sides of the heater.
- As a fireplace insert
- In high-traffic areas
- In windy or drafty areas

**⚠ WARNING:** Heater must be mounted to maintain the minimum clearances shown in Figure 4. If possible, provide greater clearances from the floor, ceiling, and joining walls.

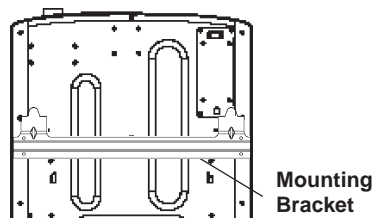


**Figure 4**

### FASTENING HEATER TO WALL

#### Mounting Bracket

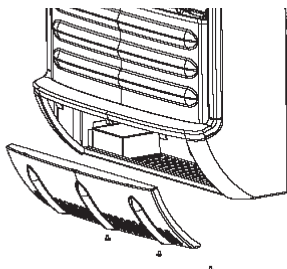
The mounting bracket is located on the back panel of heater (see figure 5). It has been taped there for shipping. Remove mounting bracket from back panel.



**Figure 5**

### Removing Front Panel of Heater

1. Remove three screws on bottom front of front panel.
2. Pull bottom of front panel forward, then down (see figure 6)



**Figure 6**

### Attaching Mounting Bracket to Wall

Use holes on each end of mounting bracket to attach bracket to wall. These holes are 16 inches apart. Attach mounting bracket to wall in one of two following ways.

1. Attach to wall studs
2. Attach to wall anchor

#### Attaching to Wall Stud:

This way is the best providing the strongest mounting in wood frame houses.

#### Attaching to Wall Anchor:

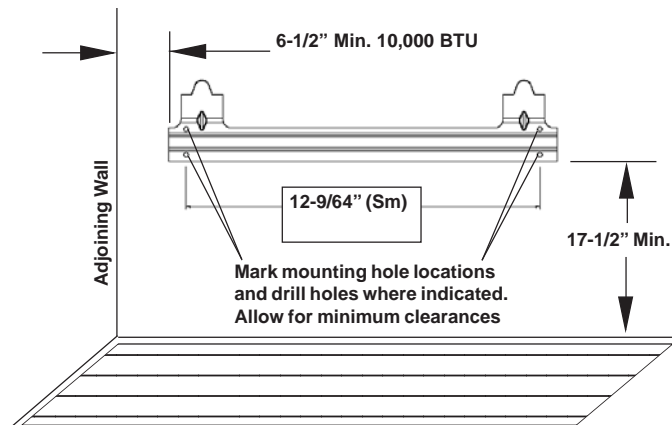
This way allows you to attach mounting bracket to hollow walls (wall areas between studs) or to solid walls (concrete or masonry).

Decide which way best suits your needs. Either method will provide a secure hold for the mounting bracket.

1. Tape mounting bracket to wall where heater will be located. Make sure mounting bracket is level. For wall stud mounting locate one end of the mounting bracket over a wall stud.

**WARNING:** Maintain minimum clearances shown in figure 7. If you can, provide greater clearances from the floor and joining wall.

2. Mark screw locations on wall (see figure 7).
3. Remove tape and mount bracket from wall.



**Figure 7**

### Attaching to Wall Stud:

For attaching mounting bracket to wall studs

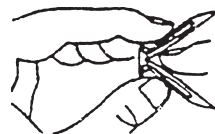
1. Drill holes at marked locations using 9/64" drill bit.
2. Place mounting bracket onto wall. Line up holes on each end of bracket with hole drilled in wall.
3. Insert mounting screws through bracket and into wall studs.
4. Tighten screws until mounting bracket is firmly fastened to wall studs.

### Attaching to Wall using Anchor:

For attaching mounting bracket to hollow walls (wall areas between studs) or solid walls (concrete or masonry)

Note: Wall anchors, mounting screws, and spacer are in hardware package. The hardware package is provided with heater.

1. Drill holes at marked locations using 5/16" drill bit. For solid walls (concrete or masonry), drill at least 1" deep.
2. Fold wall anchor as shown in figure 8 below.



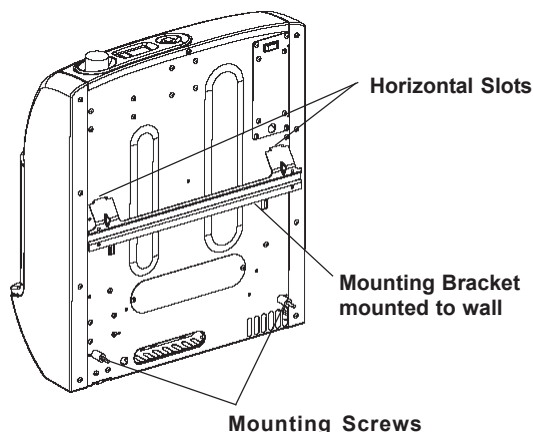
**Figure 8.**

3. Insert wall anchor (wings first) into hole. Tap anchor flush to wall.
4. For thin walls (1/2" or less) insert red key into wall anchor.
5. Place mounting bracket onto wall. Line up holes on each end of bracket with wall anchors.
6. Insert mounting screws through bracket and into wall anchors.
7. Tighten screws until mounting bracket is firmly fastened to wall.

### Placing Heater on Mounting Bracket



1. Locate two horizontal slots on back pane of heater (see figure 19).
2. Place heater onto mounting bracket. Slide horizontal slots onto stand-out tabs on mounting bracket.



**Figure 9**

### Installing Bottom Mounting Screws

1. Locate two bottom mounting screw holes. These holes are near bottom on back panel of heater (see figure 9).
2. Mark screws locations on wall.
3. Remove heater from mounting bracket.
4. If installing bottom mounting screw into hollow or solid wall, install wall anchors. Follow steps 1 through 4 under Attaching to Wall using Anchor. If installing bottom mounting screw into wall stud, drill holes at marked locations using 9/64" drill bit.
5. Re-place heater onto mounting bracket.
6. Place spacers between bottom mounting holes and wall anchor or drilled hole.
7. Hold spacer in place with one hand. With the other hand, insert mounting screw through bottom mounting hole and spacer. Place tip of screw in opening of wall anchor or drilled hole.
8. Tighten both screws until heater is firmly secured to wall. Do not over tighten.

Note: Do not re-place front panel at this time. Re-place front panel after making gas connections and checking for leaks.

### **CONNECTING TO GAS SUPPLY FOR PERMANENT INSTALLATION**

**⚠ WARNING:** A qualified service person must connect heater to gas supply. Follow all local codes.

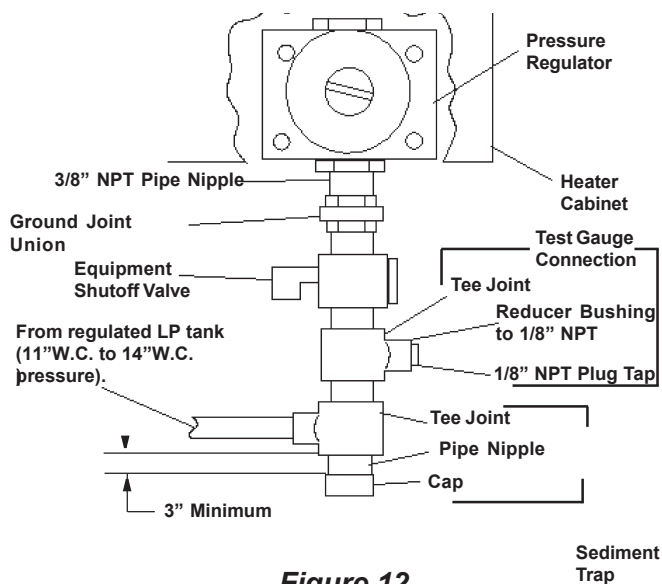
**⚠ WARNING:** This appliance requires a 3/8" NPT (National Pipe Thread) inlet connection to the pressure regulator.

**CAUTION:** Never connect heater directly to the Propane supply. This heater requires an external regulator (not supplied). Install the external regulator between the heater and Propane/LP supply.

The installer must supply an external regulator. The external regulator will reduce the incoming gas pressure to between 11 and 14 inches of water. If you do not reduce incoming gas pressure heater regulator damage could occur. Install external regulator with the vent pointing down as shown in Figure 12. Pointing the vent down protects it from freezing rain or sleet.

**CAUTION:** Use only new black iron or steel pipe. Internally-tinned copper tubing may be used in certain areas. Check your local codes. Use a large enough diameter pipe to allow proper gas volume to heater. If pipe is too small, undue loss of pressure will occur.

Installation must include an equipment shutoff valve, union and plugged 1/8" NPT tap. Locate NPT tap within reach of test gauge hookup. NPT tap must be upstream from heater (see figure 12).



**Figure 12**

\*A CSA/AGA certified equipment shutoff valve with 1/8" NPT tap is an acceptable alternative to test gauge connection. Purchase the CSA/AGA certified equipment shutoff valve from your dealer.

**IMPORTANT:** Install an equipment shutoff valve in an accessible location. The equipment shutoff valve is for turning on or shutting off the gas to the appliance.

Apply pipe joint sealant lightly to male threads. This will prevent excess sealant from going into pipe. Excess sealant in pipe could result in clogged heater fuel train.

**CAUTION:** Use pipe joint sealant that is resistant to LP-Gas.

Install sediment trap in supply line as shown in figure 12. Locate sediment trap where it is within reach for cleaning. A sediment trap traps moisture and contaminants. This keeps them from going into heater. If sediment trap is not installed or is installed improperly, heater may not

run correctly.

**IMPORTANT:** Hold pressure regulator with wrench when connecting it to gas piping and/or fittings.

### CHECKING GAS CONNECTIONS

**⚠ WARNING:** Test all gas piping and connections for leaks after installing or servicing. Correct all leaks at once.

**⚠ WARNING:** Never use an open flame to check for a gas leak. Apply a mixture of liquid soap and water to all joints. Bubbles forming show a leak. Correct all leaks at once.

### PRESSURE TESTING GAS SUPPLY PIPING SYSTEM

Test pressure in Excess of ½ psig (3.5kPa)

1. Disconnect appliance with its appliance main gas valve (control valve) and equipment shutoff valve from gas supply piping system. Pressures in excess of ½ psig will damage heater regulator.
2. Cap off open end of gas pipe where equipment shutoff valve was connected.
3. Pressurize supply piping system by either using compressed air or opening LP gas valve on or near the tank.
4. Check all connections and joints in gas supply piping system. Apply mixture of liquid soap and water to gas joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
5. Correct all leaks at once.
6. Depressurize and relieve pressure in supply piping system.
7. Reconnect heater and equipment shutoff valve to gas supply.
8. Reconnected fittings must be checked for leaks in next section.

Test Pressure Equal To or Less Than ½ psig (3.5 kPa)

1. Close equipment shutoff valve (see figure 13).
2. Pressurize supply piping system by either using compressed air or opening propane/LP supply valve.
3. Check all joints from the propane/LP supply valve to equipment shutoff valve (see figure 14). Apply mixture of liquid soap and water to gas joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
4. Correct all leaks at once.
5. Depressurize and relieve pressure from supply piping system.

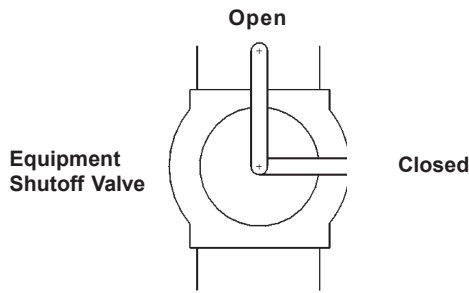
### LIGHTING / OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE WITH HOSE CONNECTED TO A REMOTE CYLINDER, MAXIMUM SIZE 20 LBS:

- This Heater may be used in a Recreational Enclosure or Temporary Construction Work Enclosure with a Remote Refillable Propane Cylinder ONLY when the Cylinder is Located Outdoors and the Heater is Used with Mr. Heater Hose assembly supplied.
- **DANGER:** NEVER bring a refillable propane cylinder indoors. A fire or explosion can occur causing property damage, serious injury or death!
- Inspect the hose before each use of the heater. If there is excessive abrasion or wear, or the hose is cut, replace prior to using the heater with one of the Mr. Heater Hose assembly supplied (see parts list).
- The propane cylinder must include a listed overfilling protection device as well as a collar to protect the cylinder valve.
- Heater must be in an upright position during operation.
- Make sure five-position Control Knob is in "OFF" position.
- Screw hose connector into regulator on heater and screw connector on other end of hose into a regulated LP-gas supply cylinder valve. Tighten all hose connections.
- Open valve at LP-gas supply cylinder.
- Check all hose connections for leaks with soapy water at the threaded connection on heater where the hose connector screws into the regulator and at LP-gas supply cylinder.

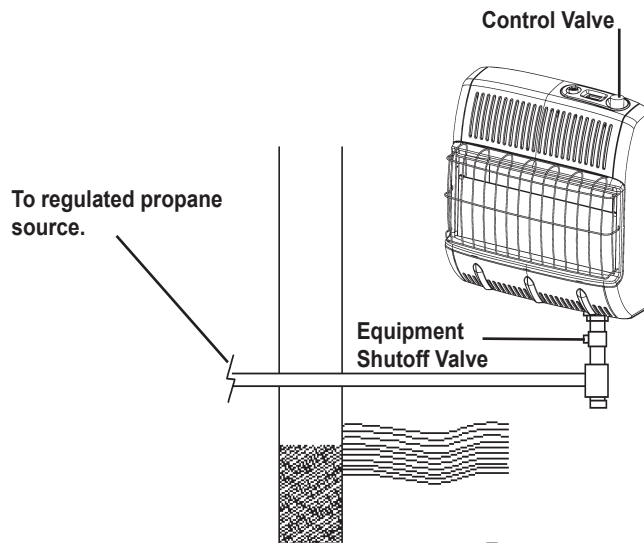
### Pressure Testing Heater Gas Connections:

1. Make sure that the heater supply piping system is connected and has been leak tested as described above.
2. Make sure control knob of heater is in OFF position.
3. Open equipment shutoff valve (see figure 13).
4. Open propane/LP supply valve.
5. Check all joints from equipment shutoff valve to control valve (see figure 14). Apply mixture of liquid soap and water to gas joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
6. Correct all leaks at once.
7. Light heater (see *Operating Your Heater*, pages 8 & 9 for non-thermostat models). Check the rest of the internal joints for leaks.
8. Turn off heater (see *To Turn OFF Gas to Appliance*, page 10 for non-thermostat models).
9. Replace lower front panel.





**Figure 13**



**Figure 14**

#### FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

**⚠ WARNING:** If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This appliance has a pilot that must be lighted by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.
- B. BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

#### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you can not reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

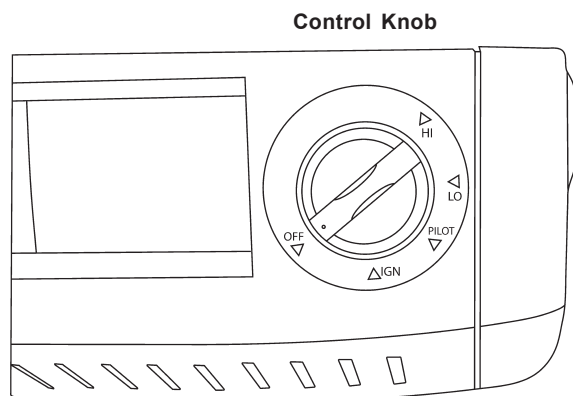
- C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it; call a qualified service technician or gas supplier. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been underwater. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system which has been underwater.

#### LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

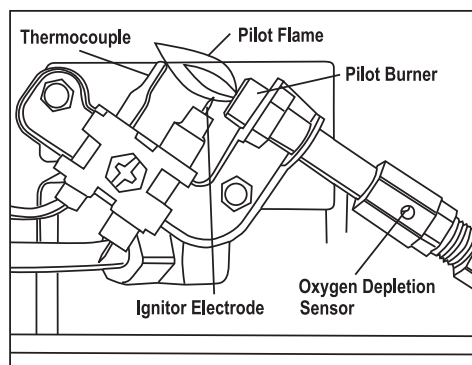
1. **STOP!** Read the all safety information included with and on the side of heater.
  2. Check that gas supply to heater is on.
  3. Push in gas control knob and slightly turn clockwise to the OFF position (see figure 16).
- Note:** Knob cannot be turned from PILOT to OFF unless knob is pushed in slightly. Do not force.
4. Wait five (5) minutes. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, **STOP!** Follow "B" in the safety information above. If you do not smell gas, go to the next step.
  5. Push in gas control knob slightly and turn counterclockwise to PILOT/IGN and depress for five (5) seconds.

**Note:** The first time that the heater is operated after connecting the gas supply, the control knob should be depressed for about 30 seconds. This will allow air to bleed from the gas system.

6. Push in control knob and rotate control knob back to OFF position then rotate counterclockwise to PILOT/IGN position. This will light pilot. If needed gently keep rotating control knob back and forth while depressed until pilot lights.
7. Keep control knob depressed in for ten (10) seconds after lighting pilot. If pilot goes out, repeat steps 4, 5, 6 and 7.
  - If pilot does not stay lit, refer to Troubleshooting, pages 12 & 13. Also, contact a qualified service person or gas supplier for repairs.
  - If control knob does not pop up when released, contact a qualified service person or gas supplier for repairs.
  - When the pilot is lit, turn the control knob to "HI" position to light heater.
  - After flame is established (see *Burner Flame Pattern*, Pages 10 and 11) on "HI", adjust heat output by turning control knob to desired position ("LO" or "HI"). Do not operate heater between locked positions.



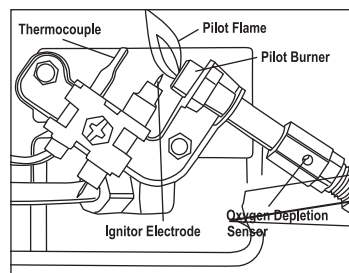
**Figure 16**



**Figure 17**

couple cools, the heater will shut down. If pilot flame pattern is incorrect, as shown in Figure 22:

- Turn heater off (see *To Turn OFF Gas to Appliance*, page 10 for non-thermostat models).
- See Troubleshooting, pages 12 and 13.



**Figure 22**

**CAUTION:** Do not try to adjust heating level by using equipment shutoff valve.

**⚠ WARNING:** When running heater, set control knob at “LO” or “HI” locked positions. Poor combustion and higher levels of carbon monoxide may result if heater is operated with control knob positioned between locked positions.

**IMPORTANT:** Release downward pressure while turning control knob. Control knob must be locked at the desired position.

## TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

### SHUTTING OFF HEATER:

1. Turn control knob clockwise to the OFF position.
2. Turn off equipment shutoff valve.

### SHUTTING OFF BURNER ONLY (PILOT STAYS LIT)

1. Turn control knob clockwise to the PILOT/IGN position.

## INSPECTING BURNER

Check pilot flame pattern and burner flame pattern often.

## PILOT FLAME PATTERN

Figure 17 show a correct pilot flame pattern. Figure 22 shows an incorrect pilot flame pattern. The incorrect pilot flame pattern is not touching thermocouple. This will cause the thermocouple to cool. When the thermo-

## CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

**⚠ WARNING:** Turn off heater and let cool before servicing.

**CAUTION:** You must keep control areas, burner and circulation air passageways of heater clean. Inspect these areas of heater before use. Have the heater inspected yearly by a qualified service person. Heater may need more frequent cleaning due to excess lint from carpeting, bedding material, pet hair, etc.

Make sure grille guard is in place before running heater. If screen or grille guard is removed for servicing it must be replaced prior to operating the heater.

**WARNING:** Failure to keep the primary air opening(s) of the burner(s) clean may result in sooting and property damage.

#### CLEANING ODS/PILOT AND BURNER

- Use as vacuum cleaner, pressurized air or small soft bristled brush to clean.

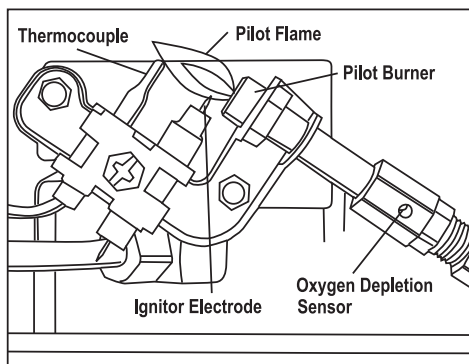
#### CLEANING BURNER PILOT AIR HOLE INLET

We recommend that you clean the unit ever 2,500 hours of operation or every three months. We also recommend that you keep the burner tube and pilot assembly clean and free of dust and dirt. To clean these parts we recommend using compressed air no greater than 30 psig.

This can be done by using a vacuum cleaner in the blow position, using compressed air in a can, please follow the directions on the can. If you don't follow directions on the can you could damage the burner or pilot assembly. In addition, the directions that follow should also be followed.

1. Shut off the unit, including the pilot. Allow the unit to cool for at least thirty minutes.
2. Inspect burner and pilot for dust and dirt.
3. Blow air through the port/slots and holes in the burner.

A yellow tip on the pilot flame indicates dust and dirt in the pilot assembly. To clean the pilot assembly find the small pilot air inlet hole about two inches from where the pilot flame comes out of the pilot assembly (see Pilot Air Inlet Hole in figure 25). With the unit off, lightly blow air through the air inlet hole. You may blow through a drinking straw if compressed air is not available.



**Figure 25**

#### CLEANING HEATER CABINET

##### Air passageways

- Use a vacuum cleaner or pressurized air to clean Exterior

- Use a soft cloth dampened with a mild soap and water mixture. Wipe the cabinet to remove dust.

## SPECIFICATIONS

BTU (Available)	MHVFB10LP 10,000
Type of Gas	LP-Gas Only
Ignition	Piezo
Pressure Regulator Setting	10 Inches of Water
Inlet Gas Pressure (Maximum)	14 Inches of Water
Inlet Gas Pressure (Minimum)	11 Inches of Water
Burners / Orifice nozzles	1
Thermostatic Control	No
Clearances: inches (mm)	
Top	36 (915)
Sides	6 (152)
Floor (min. to top of carpet)	2 (51)
Fabric / flammable objects	36 (915)

## TROUBLESHOOTING

**NOTE:** All troubleshooting items are listed in order of operation and likely occurrence.

**⚠ WARNING:** Only a qualified service person should service and repair heater.

**CAUTION:** Never use a wire needle, or similar object to clean ODS/pilot. This can damage ODS/pilot unit. Make sure grille guard is in place before running heater. If screen or grille guard is removed for servicing it must be replaced prior to operating the heater.

OBSERVED SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
When Piezo ignitor knob is turned, there is no spark at pilot	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Ignitor electrode positioned wrong.</li> <li>2. Ignitor electrode is broken.</li> <li>3. Ignitor electrode not connected to ignitor.</li> <li>4. Ignitor cable pinched or wet.</li> <li>5. Broken ignitor cable.</li> <li>6. Bad Piezo ignitor.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reposition electrode</li> <li>2. Replace electrode</li> <li>3. Reconnect ignitor cable</li> <li>4. Free ignitor cable if pinched by any metal or tubing. Keep ignitor cable dry.</li> <li>5. Replace ignitor cable</li> <li>6. Replace control valve (Piezo is part of control valve on 10K units).</li> </ol>
ODS/pilot lights but flame goes out when control knob is released	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Gas supply turned off or equipment shutoff valve closed.</li> <li>2. Air in gas line when installed.</li> <li>3. ODS/pilot is clogged.</li> <li>4. Gas regulator setting is not correct</li> <li>5. Control knob not in pilot position</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn on gas supply or open equipment shutoff valve.</li> <li>2. Continue holding down control knob. Repeat ignition operation until air is removed.</li> <li>3. Clean ODS/pilot (see Cleaning and Maintenance page 11).</li> <li>4. Replace gas regulator</li> <li>5. Turn Control knob to pilot position</li> </ol>
When Piezo ignitor knob is turned, there is a spark at the ODS/pilot but no ignition	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Control knob not fully pressed in.</li> <li>2. Control knob not pressed in long enough</li> <li>3. Equipment shutoff valve not fully open</li> <li>4. Thermocouple connection loose at control valve</li> <li>5. Pilot flame not touching thermocouple, which allows thermocouple to cool, causing pilot flame to go out. This problem could be caused by one or both of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Low gas pressure</li> <li>b. Dirty or partially clogged ODS/pilot</li> </ol> </li> <li>6. Thermocouple damaged</li> <li>7. Control valve damaged</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Press in control knob fully</li> <li>2. After ODS/pilot lights, keep control knob pressed in for 30 seconds</li> <li>3. Fully open equipment shutoff valve</li> <li>4. Hand tighten thermocouple nut until snug, and then tighten 1/4 turn more.</li> <li>6. Replace thermocouple</li> <li>7. Replace Control valve.</li> <li>8. Clean ODS/pilot (see Cleaning and Maintenance, page 11).</li> <li>9. Contact local gas company</li> </ol>
Burner does not light after ODS/pilot is lit	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Burner orifice is clogged</li> <li>2. Burner orifice diameter too small</li> <li>3. Inlet gas pressure is too low</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Clean burner orifice (see Cleaning and Maintenance on page 11), or replace burner orifice</li> <li>2. Replace burner orifice</li> <li>3. Contact local gas company</li> </ol>
Delayed ignition of burner	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Manifold pressure is too low</li> <li>2. Burner orifice is clogged</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Contact local gas company</li> <li>2. Clean burner orifice (see Cleaning and Maintenance on page 11), or replace burner orifice</li> </ol>

## TROUBLESHOOTING CON'T

OBSERVED SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Burner backfiring during operation	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Burner orifice is clogged or damaged</li> <li>2. Burner damaged</li> <li>3. Gas regulator defective</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Clean burner orifice (see Cleaning and Maintenance on page 11), or replace burner orifice</li> <li>2. Replace burner</li> <li>3. Replace gas regulator</li> </ol>
Slight smoke or odor during initial operation	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Residues from manufacturing process</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Problem will stop after a few hours of operation</li> </ol>
Heater produces a whistling noise when burner is lit	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turning control knob to HI position when burner is cold</li> <li>2. Air in gas line</li> <li>3. Air passageways on heater blocked</li> <li>4. Dirty or partially clogged burner orifice.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn control knob to LO position and let warm up for a minute.</li> <li>2. Operate burner until air is removed from line have gas line checked by local gas company.</li> <li>3. Observe minimum installation clearances(see Figure 4 page 5)</li> <li>4. Clean burner orifice (see Cleaning and Maintenance on page 11), or replace burner orifice.</li> </ol>
White powder residue forming within burner box or on adjacent walls or furniture	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. When heated, vapors from furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaners, etc., turn into white powder residue</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn heater off when using furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaner or similar products.</li> </ol>

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### **WARNING:** If you smell gas:

- Shut off gas supply
- Do not try to light any appliance
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building
- Immediately call you gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

**IMPORTANT:** Operating heater where impurities in air exist may create odors. Cleaning supplies, paint, paint remover, cigarette smoke, cements and glues, new carpet or textiles, etc., create fumes. These fumes may mix with combustion air and create odors and possible discoloration of walls and ceilings.

OBSERVED SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Heater produces unwanted odors.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Heater burning vapors from paint, hair spray, glues, etc. See IMPORTANT statement above</li> <li>2. Gas leak. See WARNING statement at top of page.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Ventilate room. Stop using odor-causing products while heater is running.</li> <li>2. Locate and correct all leaks (see Checking Gas Connections, page 8)</li> </ol>
Heater shuts off in use (ODS operates)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Not enough fresh air is available</li> <li>2. Low line pressure</li> <li>3. ODS/pilot is partially clogged</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Open window and/or door for ventilation</li> <li>2. Contact local gas company</li> <li>3. Clean ODS/pilot (see Cleaning and Maintenance, page 11)</li> </ol>
Gas odor even when control knob is in OFF position	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Gas leak. See WARNING statement at top of page</li> <li>2. Control valve is defective</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Locate and correct all leaks (see Checking Gas Connections, page 8)</li> <li>2. Replace control valve</li> </ol>
Gas odor during combustion	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Foreign matter between control valve and burner</li> <li>2. Gas leak. See WARNING statement at top of page</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Take apart gas tubing and remove foreign matter</li> <li>2. Locate and correct all leaks (see Checking Gas Connections, page 8)</li> </ol>
Heater produces a clicking/ticking noise just after burner is lit or shut off	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Metal expanding while heating or contracting while cooling</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. This is common with most heaters. If noise is excessive, contact qualified service person</li> </ol>
Moisture/condensation noticed on windows	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Not enough combustion/ventilation air</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Refer to Fresh Air of Combustion and Ventilation page 3 through 5.</li> </ol>



## REPLACEMENT PARTS

**Note:** use only original replacement parts. This will protect your warranty coverage for parts replaced under warranty.

### PARTS UNDER WARRANTY

Contact authorized dealer from whom you purchased this product. If they are unable to supply original replacement part(s), call the number on back of manual. When contacting your dealer have ready:

- Your name
- Your address
- Model and serial numbers of your heater
- How heater was malfunctioning
- Type of gas used (**propane/LP**)
- Purchase date

Usually, we will ask you to return the defective part to the factory.

### PARTS NOT UNDER WARRANTY

Contact authorized dealer of this product. If they can't supply original replacement part(s), call Enerco Group, Inc.'s 800# on the back of this manual.

## TECHNICAL SERVICE

You may have further questions about installation, operation, or troubleshooting, if so, contact Enerco Group, Inc.'s 800# on the back of this manual.

### ACCESSORIES

Purchase these heater accessories from your local dealer. If they can not supply these accessories, contact your nearest Parts Central or call Enerco Group, Inc.'s 800# for information. You can also write to the address listed on the front page of this manual.

#### Equipment Shutoff Valve

For all models, Equipment shutoff valve with 1/8" NPT tap.

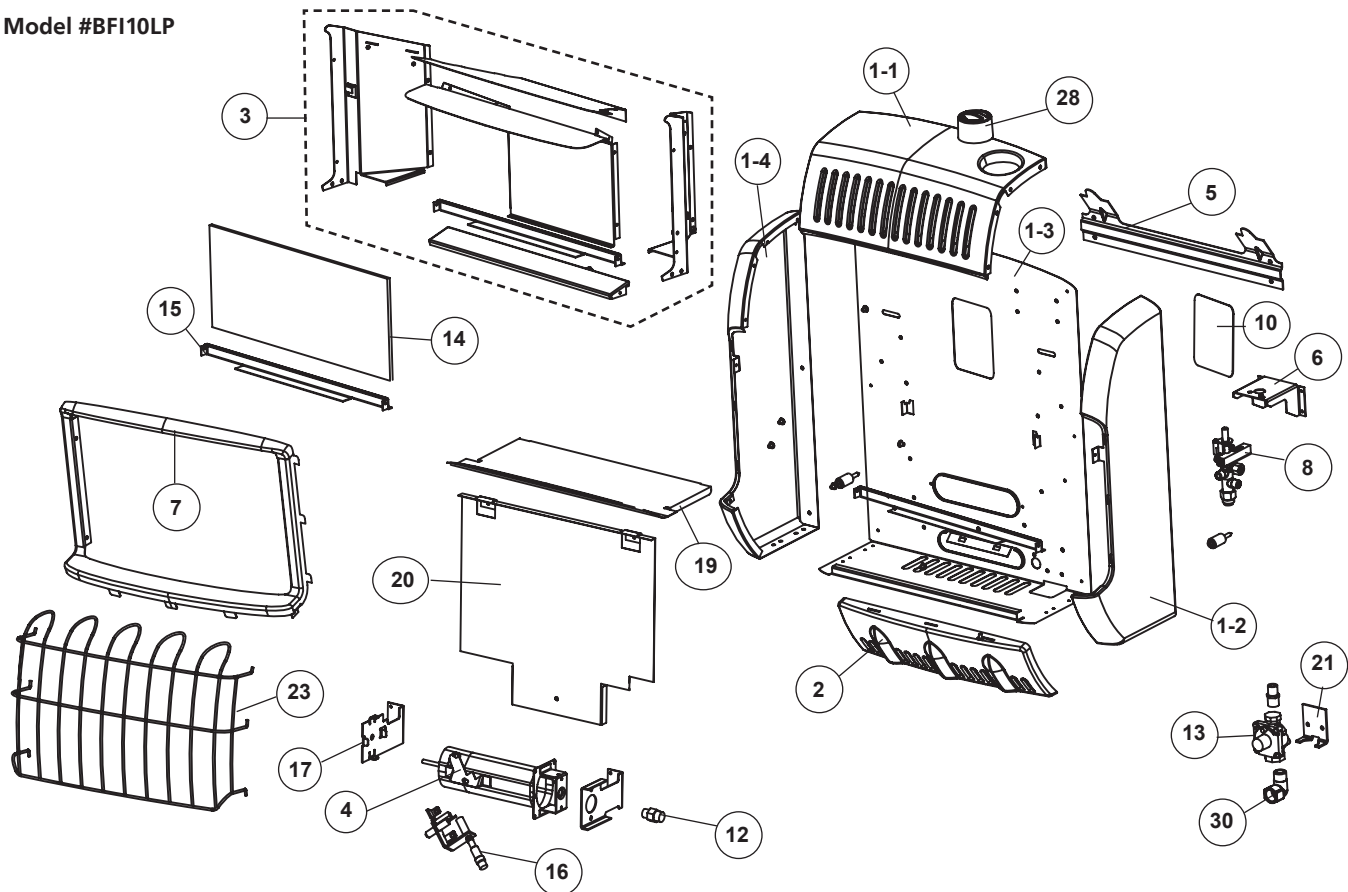
### PARTS LIST

Non-Thermostat model

#### MHVFB110LP

This list contains replacement parts used in your heater. When ordering parts, follow the instructions listed under Replacement Parts on page 17 of this manual.

Model #BFI10LP



# UNVENTED LP-GAS FIRED BUDDY WALL-MOUNT HEATER

[illegible]

## WARRANTY INFORMATION

Keep this warranty

Model _____
Serial No. _____
Date Purchased _____

Always specify model and serial numbers when communication with the factory.

We reserve the right to amend these specifications at any time without notice. The only warranty applicable is our standard written warranty. We make no other warranty, expressed or implied.

Enerco Group, Inc. warrants this product to be free from defects in materials and components for two (2) years from the date of first purchase, provided that the product has been properly installed, operated and maintained in accordance with all applicable instructions. To make a claim under this warranty the Bill of Sale or cancelled check must be presented.

The warranty is extended only to the original retail purchaser. This warranty covers the cost of part(s) required to restore the heater to proper operating condition and an allowance for labor when provided by an Enerco Group, Inc. Authorized Service Center. Warranty part(s) MUST be obtained through authorized dealers of this product and/or Enerco Group, Inc. who will provide original factory replacement parts. Failure to use original factory parts voids this warranty. The heater MUST be installed by a qualified installer in accordance with all local codes and instructions furnished with the unit.

This warranty does not apply to parts that are not in original condition because of normal wear and tear of parts that fail or become damaged as a result of misuse, accidents, lack of proper maintenance or defects caused by improper installation. Travel, diagnostic cost, labor, transportation and any and all such costs related to repairing a defective heater will be the responsibility of the owner.

TO THE FULL EXTENT ALLOWED BY THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION THAT GOVERNS THE SALE OF THE PRODUCT; THIS EXPRESS WARRANTY EXCLUDES ANY AND ALL OTHER EXPRESSED WARRANTIES AND LIMITS THE DURATION OF ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, TO TWO (2) YEARS OF ALL COMPONENTS FROM THE FIRST DATE OF PURCHASE; AND ENERCO GROUP, INC.'S LIABILITY IS HEREBY LIMITED TO THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT AND ENERCO GROUP, INC. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY OTHER DAMAGES WHATSOEVER INCLUDING INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

Some states do not allow a limitation on how long an implied warranty lasts or an exclusion or limitation on incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation on implied warranties, or limitation on damages, may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights that vary from state to state. Always specify model and serial number when communication with the factory.

ENERCO GROUP, INC., 4560 W. 160TH ST., CLEVELAND, OHIO 44135  
216-881-5500 Toll Free Number 1-800-251-0001  
[www.mrheater.com](http://www.mrheater.com)

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